

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Resinoid Bonded Abrasives For Cutting and Grinding Concrete, Masonry and Building Materials SDS #2

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identity / Trade Name: Grinding and Cutting Wheels, Resinoid (Type 1, Type 27, Type 28, Type 29), Cup Wheels (Type 11) Cones and Plugs (Type 16, Type 17 and Type 18) Mounted Point.

Product Use: Abrasive materials used for cutting and grinding concrete, masonry and building materials. **Restriction on Use:** Use only as directed

Manufacturer:United Abrasives, Inc.185 Boston Post RoadNorth Windham, CT 06256

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2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification: Not classified as hazardous as defined by the GHS and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Label Elements: None Required.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Concentration	
Silicon Carbide	409-21-2	0-95	
Cured Phenolic Resin	N/A	1-30	
Nitrile Compounds	N/A	1-20	
Fluoride Compounds	N/A	1-20	
Iron Pyrite	12068-85-8	0-20	
Woven Fiberglass	N/A	0-15	
Calcium Compounds	N/A	0-15	
Sulfur	7704-34-9	0-15	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	1-10	
Cryolite	15096-52-3	1-10	
Cured Epoxy Resin	N/A	1-10	
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	0-5	
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	0-5	
Graphite	7782-42-5	0-5	
Aluminum Potassium Fluoride	14484-69-6	0.1-0.5	
Potassium Fluoroborate	14075-53-7	0.1-0.5	

The specific identity and/or exact percentage has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If grinding dust is swallowed, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If overexposed to grinding dust, remove victim to fresh air and get medical attention. **Eye Contact**: Flush eyes thoroughly with water, holding open eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Obtain immediate medical attention for foreign body in the eye.

Skin Contact: Wash dust from skin with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: May cause mechanical eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of dust may cause nose, throat and upper respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentration of dust may cause adverse effects on the lungs. Prolonged overexposure may cause damage to the respiratory tract, bones and teeth by inhalation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary: Immediate medical attention is not required.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media: Use any media that is appropriate for the surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: This product is not combustible, however, consideration must be given to the potential fire or explosion hazards from the base material being processed. Many materials create flammable or explosive dusts or turnings when machined or ground.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters: Firefighters should wear full emergency equipment and NIOSH approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures: Wear appropriate respirator and protective clothing as needed to avoid eye contact and inhalation of dust.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release into the environmental. Report releases as required by local, state and federal authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Pick up, sweep up or vacuum and place in a container for disposal. Minimize generation of dust.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling and use, especially before eating, drinking or smoking. Refer to ANSI B7.1, Safety Requirements for the Use, Care and Protection of Abrasive Wheels for additional information. Consider potential exposure to components of the base materials or coatings being ground. Refer to OSHA's substance specific standards for additional work practice requirements where applicable.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with ANSI B7.1. Protect abrasive wheels from damage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure guidelines:

Silicon Carbide (nonfibrous)	3 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction)
Cured Phenolic Resin	None Established
Nitrile Compounds	None Established

Fluoride Compounds	2.5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV			
	2.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			
Iron Pyrite	None Established			
Woven Fiberglass	5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV (inhalable)			
•	1 f/cc TWA ACGIH TLV (respirable)			
Calcium Compounds	None Established			
Sulfur	None Established			
Calcium Oxide	2 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV			
	5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			
Cryolite (as fluorides)	2.5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV			
	2.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			
Cured epoxy resin	None Established			
Calcium Carbonate	15 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (total dust)			
	5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (respirable fraction)			
Iron Oxide	5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV (respirable fraction)			
	10 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (fume)			
Graphite	2 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV (respirable fraction)			
	15 mppcf mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			
Aluminum Potassium Fluoride (as Al metal)	1 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV (respirable fraction)			
	15 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (total dust)			
	5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (respirable fraction)			
Aluminum Potassium Fluoride (as fluorides)	2.5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV			
	2.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			
Potassium Fluoroborate (as fluorides)	2.5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV			
	2.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL			

Note: Consider also components of base materials and coatings being ground.

Appropriate engineering controls: Use local exhaust or general ventilation as required to minimize exposure to dust and maintain the concentration of contaminants below occupational exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection: Use NIOSH approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or where dust exposures are excessive. Consider the potential for exposure to components of the coatings or base material being ground in selecting proper respiratory protection. Refer to OSHA's specific standards for lead, cadmium, etc. where appropriate. Selection of respiratory protection depends on the contaminant type, form and concentration. Select and use respirators in accordance with OSHA 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Skin protection: Cloth or leather gloves recommended.

Eye protection: Safety goggles or face shield over safety glasses with side shields.

Other: Protective clothing as needed to prevent contamination of personal clothing. Hearing protection may be required.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): Black, brown or reddish colored solid wheel. Odor: No Odor

Odor threshold: Not applicable	pH: Not applicable	
Melting point/freezing point: Not applicable	Boiling Point: Not applicable	
Flash point: Not applicable	Evaporation rate: Not applicable	
Flammability (solid, gas): Not combustible		
Flammable limits: LEL: Not applicable	UEL: Not applicable	
Vapor pressure: Not applicable	Vapor density:	
Relative density: Not applicable	Solubility(ies): Not soluble	

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable	Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable	
Decomposition temperature: Not applicable	Viscosity: Not applicable	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: None known.

Hazardous decomposition products: Dust from grinding could contain ingredients listed in Section 3 and other, potentially more hazardous components of the base material being ground or coatings applied to the base material.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of exposure:

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: None expected under normal use conditions. Swallowing large pieces may cause obstruction of the gastrointestinal tract.

Skin contact: None expected under normal use conditions. Rubbing product across the skin may cause mechanical irritation or abrasions.

Eye contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure: Long-term overexposure to respirable dust may cause lung damage (fibrosis) with symptoms of coughing, shortness of breath and diminished breathing capacity. Chronic effects may be aggravated by smoking. Prolonged overexposure to fluorides may cause a bone condition, fluorosis. Prolonged exposure to elevated noise levels during operations may affect hearing. A greater hazard, in most cases, is the exposure to the dust/fumes from the material or paint/coatings being ground. Most of the dust generated during grinding is from the base material being ground and the potential hazard from this exposure must be evaluated.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components is listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Numerical measures of toxicity:

Silicon Carbide: Oral rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Dermal rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg Iron Pyrite: No toxicity data available Sulfur: Oral rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50 >5.43 mg/L/4 hr, Dermal rat LD50 >200 mg/L Calcium Oxide: Oral rat LD50 >7340 mg/kg Cryolite: LD50 Oral rat >5,000 mg/kg Calcium Carbonate: No toxicity data available Iron Oxide: LD50 oral rat > 10000 mg/kg Graphite: LD50 oral rat > 2000 mg/kg, LC50 inhalation rat > 2 mg/L Aluminum Potassium fluoride: LD50 oral rat 2150 mg/kg, LC50 inhalation rat > 3.4 mg/L, LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg. Potassium Fluoroborate: LD50 oral rat > 2000 mg/kg, LC50 inhalation rat > 5.3 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Silicon Carbide: No data available Iron Pyrite: No data available Sulfur: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss > 5 µg/L (solubility limit of sulfur), 48 hr EC50 daphnia magna > 5 µg/L (solubility limit of sulfur) Calcium oxide: 96 hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio >1070 mg/L Cryolite: No data available Calcium Carbonate: No data available Iron Oxide: No data available Graphite: Danio rerio LC50 > 100 mg/L/96rhr Aluminum Potassium fluoride: Brachydanio rerio LC50 > 10 mg/L/96rhr Potassium Fluoroborate: Leuciscus idus LC50: 760 mg/L/96rhr

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradation is not applicable to inorganic compounds. **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available **Mobility in soil:** No data available.

Other adverse effects: No hazards to the environment are expected from this product. However,

consideration must be given to potential environment effects of the base material being processed.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with all applicable local, state/provincial and federal regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional and national requirements. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical characteristics of the material to determine the proper waste identification and disposal in compliance with applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	UN Number	Proper shipping name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Environmental Hazard
DOT	None	Not Regulated	None	None	
TDG	None	Not Regulated	None	None	

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

Special precautions: None identified.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Classified as per Section 2 of this SDS.

SARA Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 (Toxic Chemical Release Reporting): None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating: Health = 1Flammability = 0Instability = 0HMIS Rating: Health = 1Flammability = 0Physical Hazard =0*Chronic health hazardFlammability = 0Physical Hazard =0

Date Previous Revision: 2/2/17 Date This Revision: 7/8/21 Revision Summary:

8/24/12: Section 3 Updated Composition, Section 8 Updated exposure limits, Section 11 Updated Acute toxicity values.

3/31/15: Changed all sections. Updated format to GHS.

9/30/16: Section 2 Classification, Hazard Phrases, Precautionary Phrases; Section 3 Composition; Section 8 Exposure guidelines; Section 11 Numerical measures of toxicity; Section 12 Ecotoxicity.

2/2/17: Section 2 Classification, Labeling Elements, Section 3 Composition, Section 4 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed, Section 8 Exposure guidelines, Section 11 Carcinogenicity, Numerical measures of toxicity, Section 12 Ecotoxicity. 7/8/21: Updated Section 8: Exposure limits.

The preceding information is believed to be correct and current as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of this product are not within the control of United Abrasives, Inc., it is the user's obligation to assure safe use of this product.